

# Introduction To MD-1

The MD-1 Board uses an Allegro UCN5804B which has a translator and driver built in a single 16pin package. It provides complete control and drive for a four-phase unipolar stepper motor with continuous output current ratings to 1.25A per phase and 35V. The board has +5V regulator and the speed control potentiometer, which can be adjusted from 50 steps/sec to 200 steps/sec.

Please note:

Improper connection of the stepper motor to the board may damage it. See Fig 1 for correct connection, make sure to turn off the power before plug or unplug the motor from the board.

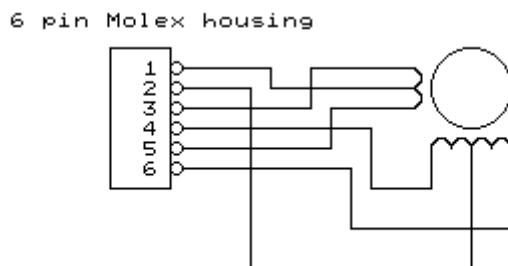
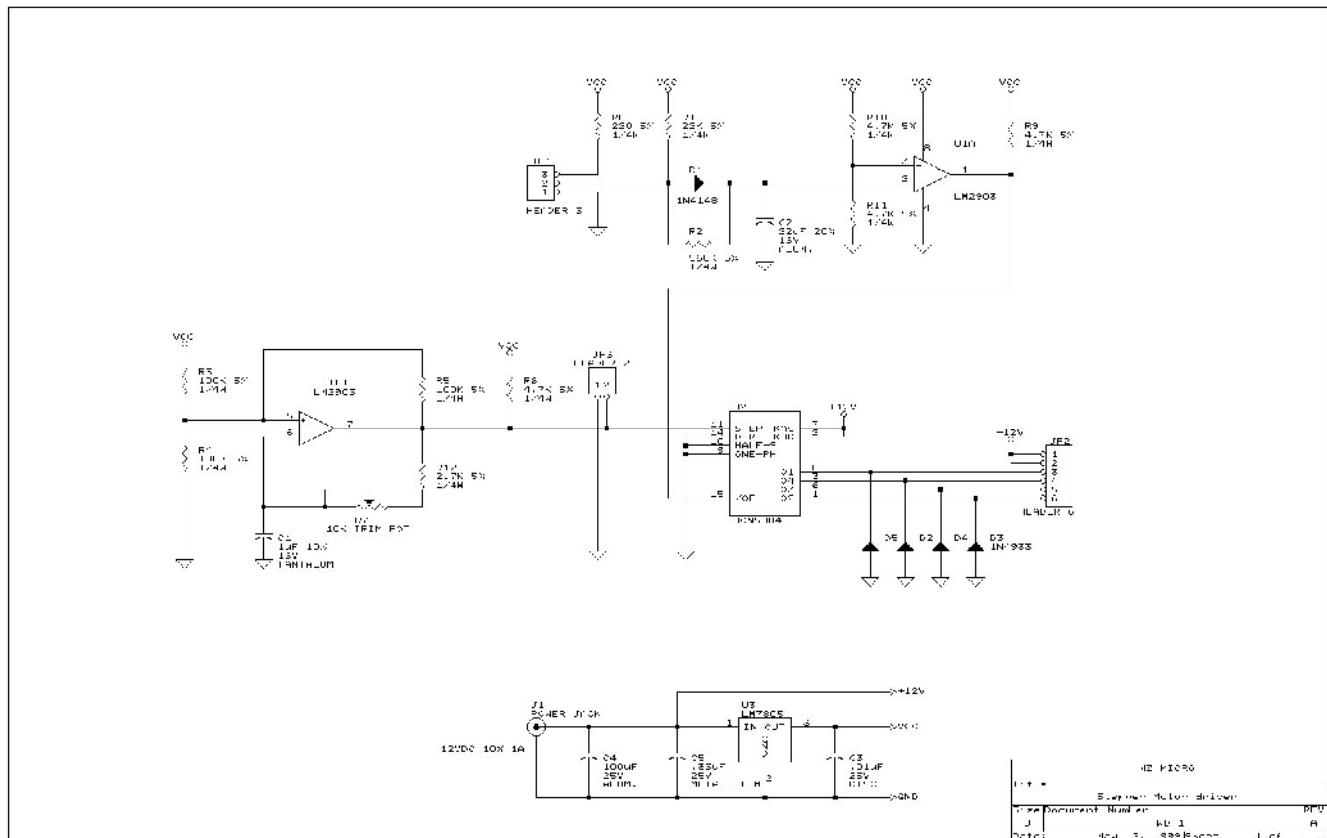
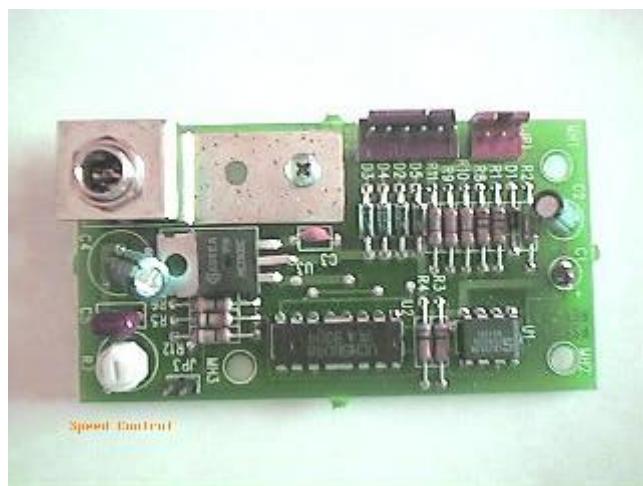


Fig.1 Stepper motor connection





The board can be powered with +24VDC. The JP1 is for the photo sensor switch. If nothing is connected to it then as soon as the power is applied to the board, the motor will start running, If pin1 and 2 of the JP1 is shorted then the motor will stop after a few seconds. To make the motor stop immediately you need to remove C2.

If you have any technical questions, please feel free to drop us an email. All additional or replacement parts can be ordered from us.

## Introduction To MD-2

The MD-2 Board is a very basic design of 8031 microcontroller with dual motor drivers and five input ports (see schematic). The board requires +5V and +24V to power (or you may use any thing from +12V to +32V). The U2 and U3 are Allegro UDN2543 protected quad power drivers, which are use for driving the unipolar stepper motor. Each of the four outputs can sink up to 700mA in the ON state; the peak current is rated at 1A per channel. The J2 and J3 are Stepper motor connectors, improper motor connection may damage the board, make sure to turn off the power before plug or unplug the motor from the board.

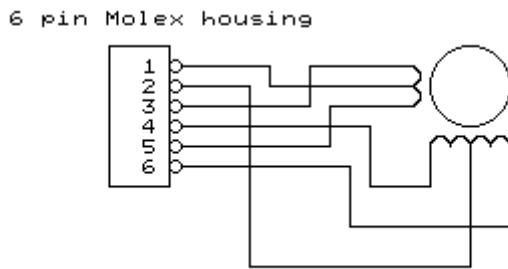
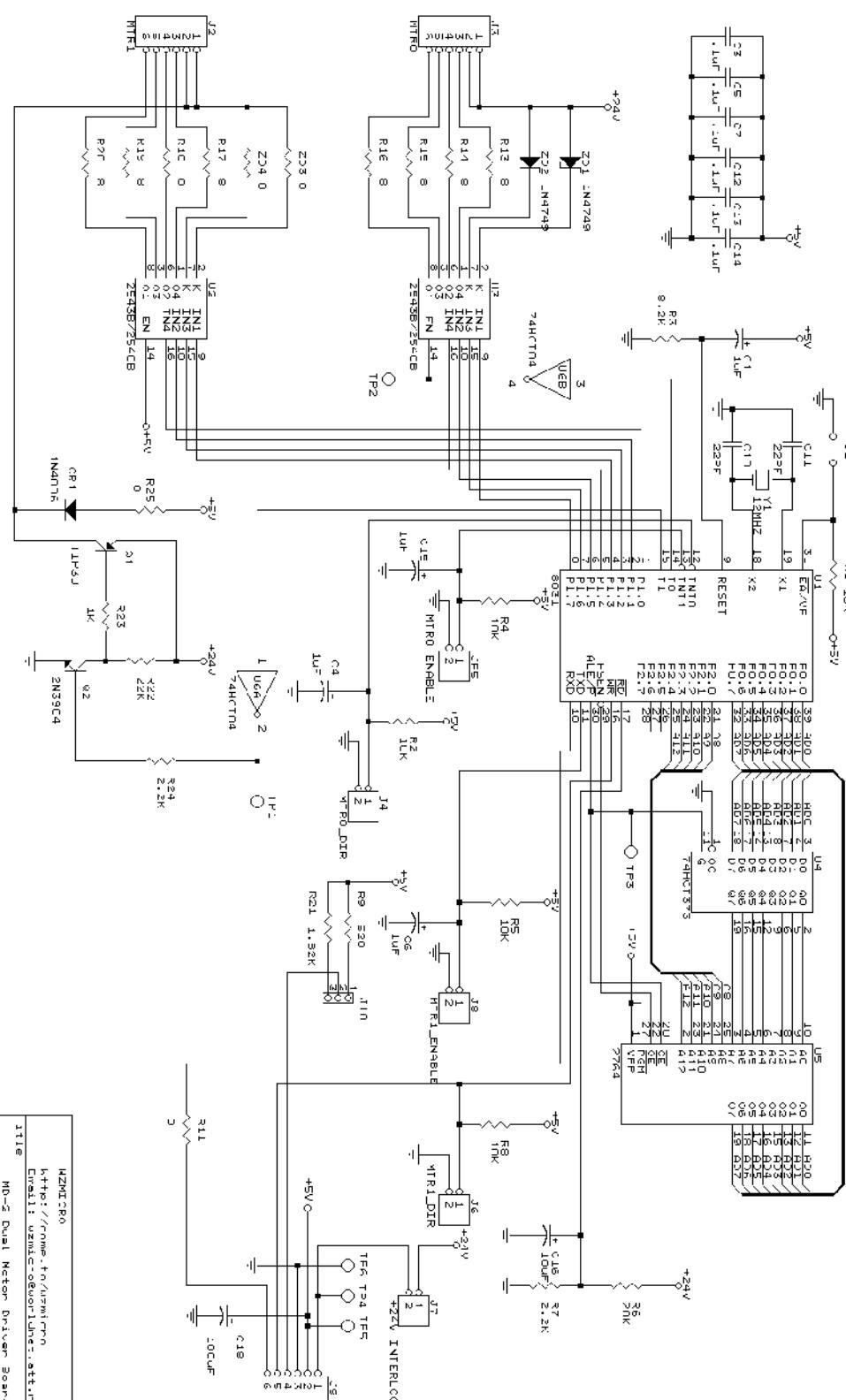


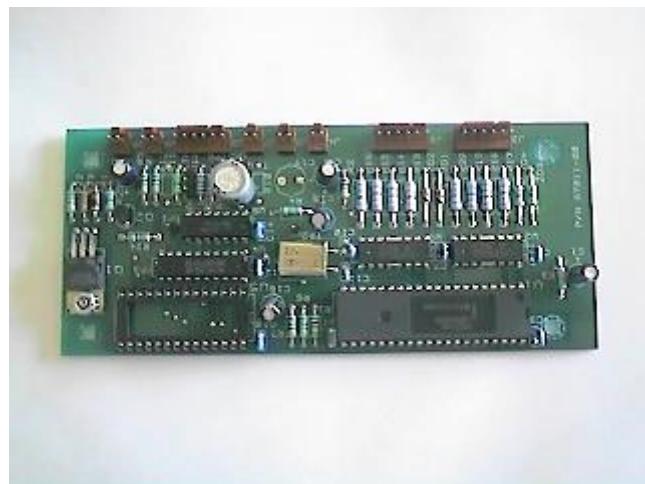
Fig.1 Stepper motor connection

The connector J4, J5, J6 and J8 are configured as input ports, you may use it as output but remember to remove the filter capacitor. The connector J7 is 24V interlock if you don't use it then put a jumper across it.

The R6, R7 and C16 form a voltage divider to allow the software to detect the present of the motor driver voltage (+24V). The connector J9 pin 1, 2 and 3 are power supply inputs. Pin 6 is a RXD pin of 8031, with little modification by connecting the RXD and TXD pin to RS232 driver (MAX232); this board can then be programmed to accept commands from the computer.

If you have any technical questions or need help in programming this board, please feel free to drop us an email. All additional or replacement parts can be ordered from us. The Molex connector housing to use with this board can be ordered from Digikey or also from us.





## Code Sample

To help the beginner with the 8051 programming, the following is a listing of the motor driving sample code You may use it as is or modify it to suit your need. The source file and TASM cross compiler are also included in the disk.

In this program we use J5 to enable the motor0 (J3) and J4 controls the direction. The J6 and J8 control the motor1 (J2). Two timers T0 and T1 are used so both motors can run simultaneously.

```

;*****
;      (C) Copyright 1999 By WZMICRO Inc.
;      ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
;
;      TITLE:      MD2 Dual Motor Driver Board software
;
;      FILE:       MD2.ASM
;
;      DESCRIPTION: Sample Motor driving code for MD2 board
;
;*****
;      SOFTWARE HISTORY
;      01/01/99          Initial release
;
;                                Check Sum:
;*****
;      INCLUDE FILES
;*****
#include      "mnemonics.def"           ;8031 mnemonic definition file
.LIST

;*****
;      PERFORMANCE CONSTANTS
;*****
MAX_MTR1_STPS    .equ     00500H          ;Motor1 max run steps
MAX_MTR0_STPS    .equ     00500H          ;Motor0 max run steps
MAX_MTR0_TIME    .equ     0EF00H
MAX_MTR1_TIME    .equ     0EF00H

```

```

;*****
; I/O ADDRESSES
;*****
mtr1_en      .equ    0B5H          ;motor1 enable bit (P3.5)
mtr0_en      .equ    0B4H          ;motor0 enable bit (P3.4)
mtr1_dir     .equ    0B6H          ;motor1 direction bit (P3.6)
mtr0_dir     .equ    0B2H          ;motor0 direction bit (P3.2)
mtr1_on      .equ    0B1H          ;motor1 on/off bit (P3.1)
mtr0_on      .equ    0B3H          ;motor0 on/off bit (P3.3)

;*****
; MODE FLAGS - Internal RAM Bit Addresses
;*****
timer0_flag   .equ    40H          ;timer 0 interrupt flag (28H.0)
timer1_flag   .equ    41H          ;timer 1 interrupt flag (28H.1)
mtr0_cnt0_flg .equ    42H          ;0 step count occurred flag (28H.2)
mtr1_cnt0_flg .equ    43H          ;0 step count occurred flag (28H.3)

;function cycle flags
mtr1_cycle   .equ    48H          ;motor1 cycle flag
mtr0_cycle   .equ    49H          ;motor0 cycle flag

;*****
; REGISTER SPACE
;*****
timer0_cnts   .equ    08H          ;timer 0 counts (2 bytes)
timer1_cnts   .equ    0AH          ;timer 1 counts (2 bytes)

;motor 0 variables
mtr0_request  .equ    10H          ;motor request: FOR_REQ or STOP_REQ
mtr0_state    .equ    11H          ;motor state: FOR_RAMP_UP, FOR_MAX_SPD
mtr0_mtr_num  .equ    12H          ;motor number: MTR0, MTR1 etc.
mtr0_step_cnt .equ    15H          ;step count: count down (2 bytes)

;motor 1 variables
mtr1_request  .equ    18H          ;motor request: FOR_REQ or STOP_REQ
mtr1_state    .equ    19H          ;motor state: FOR_RAMP_UP, FOR_MAX_SPD
mtr1_mtr_num  .equ    1AH          ;motor number: MTR0, MTR1 etc.
mtr1_step_cnt .equ    1DH          ;step count: count down (2 bytes)

mtr1_phaf     .equ    0CH          ;keeps track of motor phases
mtr0_phaf     .equ    0DH          ;keeps track of motor phases

;*****
; CONSTANTS
;*****
CLEAR         .equ    00
IEMASK        .equ    0AH          ;enable timer 0 and timer 1 ints
STACKRAM      .equ    30H          ;location of bottom of stack
RAMSIZE       .equ    128           ;128 bytes of internal RAM
TIMERMODE     .equ    11H          ;MODE MASK: both timers set 16 bit timer

;physical motors:
MOTOR1        .equ    0
MOTOR0        .equ    1

;motor requests used by motor control routines:
STOP_REQ      .equ    0

```

```

FOR_REQ .equ 1
REV_REQ .equ 2

;motor states used by motor control routines:
ZERO_SPD .equ 0
STOPPING .equ 1
RUNNING .equ 2

;*****INTERRUPT JUMP TABLE*****
;*****HRESET:*****
.org 00H ;Hardware reset vector address

AJMP SysInit ;Hardware reset vector
.org 03H ;External Interrupt 0 vector address
AJMP SysInit ;Not used, vector to start of program
.org 0BH ;TIMER 0 overflow intr vector address
AJMP Timer0Int ;TIMER 0 overflow vector
.org 13H ;External Interrupt 1 vector address
.org 1BH ;TIMER 1 overflow intr vector address
AJMP Timer1Int ;TIMER 1 Interrupt Service Routine
.org 23H ;Serial Interrupt Vector Address
AJMP SysInit ;Not used, vector to start of program

;*****TIMER 0 INTERRUPT*****
;
; MODE 1 OPERATION, 16 BIT TIMER
; INTERRUPT PERIOD = lusec * (0FFFFH - timer_counts)
;*****Timer0Int:*****
PUSH ACC
PUSH PSW ;save registers

SETB timer0_flag ;timer interrupt occured flag
MOV TL0,timer0_cnts ;reload timer with timer counts
MOV TH0,timer0_cnts+1

POP PSW
POP ACC
RETI

;*****TIMER 1 INTERRUPT*****
;
; MODE 1 OPERATION, 16 BIT TIMER
; INTERRUPT PERIOD = lusec * (0FFFFH - timer_counts)
;*****Timer1Int:*****
PUSH ACC
PUSH PSW ;save registers

MOV TL1,timer1_cnts ;reload timer with timer counts
MOV TH1,timer1_cnts+1
SETB timer1_flag

POP PSW
POP ACC

```

RETI

```

;***** *****
; INITIALIZING ROUTINE
;***** *****

SysInit:
    MOV     IE,#CLEAR           ;Disable all interrupts
    MOV     PSW,#CLEAR          ;Init PSW
    MOV     SP,#STACKRAM-1      ;Init Stack Pointer
    CLR     A                  ;Clear Internal RAM
    MOV     R0,#RAMSIZE-1

SYS_RAMCLR:
    MOV     @R0,A
    DJNZ   R0,SYS_RAMCLR

    MOV     TCON,#CLEAR         ;Halt timers, clear overflow flags
    MOV     IE,#IEMASK          ;Setup Interrupt Enable Register
    MOV     TMOD,#TIMERMODE     ;Setup TIMER 0 & TIMER 1
    SETB   IE.7                ;Enable Interrupts

    CLR     mtr0_cycle
    CLR     mtr1_cycle

    MOV     mtr0_request,#STOP_REQ
    MOV     mtr0_state,#ZERO_SPD
    MOV     mtr1_request,#STOP_REQ
    MOV     mtr1_state,#ZERO_SPD

    MOV     mtr1_pha,#033H
    MOV     mtr0_pha,#033H

    AJMP   MainLoop            ;jump to main loop

;***** *****
; MainLoop
;***** *****

MainLoop:
ML_MTR0_CYCLE:
    JNB     mtr0_cycle,ML_MTR1_CYCLE        ;check if time to run
    LCALL  Motor0Run

ML_MTR1_CYCLE:
    JNB     mtr1_cycle,ML_MTR0_CHK          ;check if time to run
    LCALL  Motor1Run

ML_MTR0_CHK:   ;check if time to run
    SETB   mtr0_on
    JB     mtr0_on,ML_MTR1_CHK             ;Check port
    JB     mtr0_cycle,ML_MTR1_CHK          ;if motor already run
    SETB   mtr0_cycle
    ;set up mtr0
    SETB   mtr0_dir
    JB     mtr0_dir,MTR0_CHK              ;check direction
    MOV    mtr0_request,#FOR_REQ          ;load motor 0 start request
    SJMP  MTR0_CHK1

MTR0_CHK:
    MOV    mtr0_request,#REV_REQ

MTR0_CHK1:

```

```

        MOV      mtr0_mtr_num,#MOTOR0          ;set motor
        CLR      mtr0_cnt0_flg                ;clear zero step flag

ML_MTR1_CHK:
        SETB    mtr1_on
        JB     mtr1_on,ML_RET               ;check port bit
        JB     mtr1_cycle,ML_RET            ;if motor already run
        SETB    mtr1_cycle                ;else start run cycle
        SETB    mtr1_dir
        JB     mtr1_dir,MTR1_CHK         ;check direction
        MOV      mtr1_request,#FOR_REQ    ;motor 1 start request
        SJMP   MTR1_CHK1

MTR1_CHK:
        MOV      mtr1_request,#REV_REQ

MTR1_CHK1:
        MOV      mtr1_mtr_num,#MOTOR1          ;set motor
        CLR      mtr1_cnt0_flg                ;clear zero step flag

;*****
; your code goes here
;
;
;

ML_RET:
        AJMP   MainLoop

;*****
; Motor0Run:
;
;*****
Motor0Run:
        SETB    mtr0_on
        JNB     mtr0_on,MR_MTR0_CNTRL       ;check port if continue run
MR_STOP_MTR0:
        MOV      mtr0_state,#STOPPING        ;else stop motor
MR_MTR0_CNTRL:
        LCALL   Motor0Control              ;run motor
MR0_RET:
        RET

;*****
; Motor1Run
;
;*****
Motor1Run:
        SETB    mtr1_on
        JNB     mtr1_on,MR_MTR1_CNTRL       ;check port if continue run
MR_STOP_MTR1:
        MOV      mtr1_state,#STOPPING        ;else stop motor
MR_MTR1_CNTRL:
        LCALL   Motor1Control              ;run motor
MR1_RET:
        RET

;*****
; Motor0Control: Controls any motor by using timer 0 interrupt.
;      Motor0Control uses mtr0_request and mtr0_state to control motor:

```

```

;
; mtr0_state = ZERO_SPD, STOPPING, RUNNING
;
;*****
Motor0Control:

    MOV     R1,#mtr0_state           ;get mtr0_state address
    CJNE   @R1,#ZERO_SPD,M0C_STEP_FLAG ;check if state = ZERO_SPD
    AJMP   M0C_STEP_TIME            ;step motor

M0C_STEP_FLAG: ;state <> ZERO_SPD check if time to step
    JB     timer0_flag,M0C_STOP      ;return if not time to step
    AJMP   M0C_RET

M0C_STOP:      ;time to step, check if state = STOPPING
    CLR    TCON.4                  ;check if state = STOPPING
    CJNE   @R1,#STOPPING,M0C_STEP_MOTR
    MOV    mtr0_state,#ZERO_SPD      ;save new motor state
    SETB   mtr0_en
    CLR    TCON.4                  ;disable timer 0
    CLR    timer0_flag              ;clear timer flag
    CLR    mtr0_cycle
    AJMP   M0C_RET                ;return

M0C_STEP_MOTR:
    MOV    R0,mtr0_mtr_num          ;set up next call
    MOV    A,mtr0_request           ;set up next call
    LCALL  StepMotorNum             ;step motor
    CLR    timer0_flag

M0C_STEP_TIME:
    MOV    timer0_cnts,#MAX_MTR0_TIME
    MOV    timer0_cnts+1,#MAX_MTR0_TIME>>8
    MOV    TL0,timer0_cnts          ;reload timer with timer counts
    MOV    TH0,timer0_cnts+1
    SETB   TCON.4
    MOV    mtr0_state,#RUNNING      ;set motor state
    CLR    mtr0_en                 ;enable motor

M0C_RET:
    RET

;*****
; Motor1Control: Controls any motor by using timer 1 interrupt.
; Motor1Control uses mtr1_request and mtr1_state to control motor:
; mtr1_state = ZERO_SPD, STOPPING and RUNNING
;

Motor1Control:

    MOV     R1,#mtr1_state           ;get mtr1_state address
    CJNE   @R1,#ZERO_SPD,M1C_STEP_FLAG ;check if state = ZERO_SPD
    AJMP   M1C_STEP_TIME            ;step motor

M1C_STEP_FLAG: ;state <> ZERO_SPD check if time to step
    JB     timer1_flag,M1C_STOP      ;return if not time to step
    AJMP   M1C_RET

M1C_STOP:      ;time to step, check if state = STOPPING
    CLR    TCON.6

```

```

CJNE    @R1,#STOPPING,M1C_STEP_MOTR      ;check if state = STOPPING
MOV     mtr1_state,#ZERO_SPD           ;save new motor state
SETB    mtr1_en
CLR     TCON.6                      ;disable timer 1
CLR     timer1_flag                ;clear timer flag
CLR     mtr1_cycle
AJMP   M1C_RET                     ;return

M1C_STEP_MOTR:
MOV     R0,mtr1_mtr_num            ;set up next call
MOV     A,mtr1_request             ;set up next call
LCALL  StepMotorNum              ;step motor
CLR     timer1_flag                ;clear step flag

M1C_STEP_TIME:
MOV     timer1_cnts,#MAX_MTR1_TIME
MOV     timer1_cnts+1,#MAX_MTR1_TIME>>8
MOV     TL1,timer1_cnts           ;reload timer with timer counts
MOV     TH1,timer1_cnts+1
SETB    TCON.6                    ;enable interrupt
MOV     mtr1_state,#RUNNING        ;set motor state
CLR     mtr1_en                   ;enable motor

M1C_RET:
RET

;*****
; StepMotorNum: Step motor one step.
;       Pass value of mtr0_mtr_num or mtr1_mtr_num in R0.
;       Pass value of mtr0_request or mtr1_request in A.
;*****

StepMotorNum:
CJNE    R0,#MOTOR1,SMN_MTR0      ;check if not motor1
CLR     C                         ;else
CJNE    A,#FOR_REQ,SMN_MTR1_REV
MOV     A,mtr1_pha                ;load motor phase
RR      A                         ;shift phase for FORWARD
AJMP   SMN_SAVE_MTR1

SMN_MTR1_REV:
MOV     A,mtr1_pha                ;load motor phase
RL      A                         ;shift phase for REVERSE

SMN_SAVE_MTR1:
MOV     mtr1_pha,A               ;save new phase
ANL    A,#0FH                    ;clear all but bits 2 & 3
MOV     B,A                      ;store new bits 2 & 3 in B
CLR     IE.7                     ;disable interrupts
MOV     A,P1                      ;get current motor phases
ANL    A,#0F0H                  ;clear bits 2 & 3
ORL    A,B                      ;OR in new bits 2 & 3
MOV     P1,A                      ;set new motor phases
SETB    IE.7                     ;re-enable interrupts
AJMP   SMN_RET

SMN_MTR0:
CLR     C
CJNE    A,#FOR_REQ,SMN_MTR0_REV
MOV     A,mtr0_pha                ;load motor phase
RR      A                         ;shift phase for FORWARD

```

```
AJMP    SMN_SAVE_MTR0
SMN_MTR0_REV:
    MOV    A,mtr0_pha           ;load motor phase
    RL     A                   ;shift phase for REVERSE
SMN_SAVE_MTR0:
    MOV    mtr0_pha,A          ;save new phase
    ANL    A,#0FOH             ;clear all but bits 6 & 7
    MOV    B,A                 ;store new bits 6 & 7 in B
    CLR    IE.7                ;disable interrupts
    MOV    A,P1                ;get current motor phases
    ANL    A,#0FH               ;clear bits 6 & 7
    ORL    A,B                 ;OR in new bits 6 & 7
    MOV    P1,A                ;set new motor phases
    SETB   IE.7                ;re-enable interrupts

SMN_RET:
    RET

;*****
.END
```

# Introduction to MD-3

The MD3 stepper motor controller board is implemented around the Atmel AT89C2051 microcontroller and SGS TEA3718 bipolar motor chopper driver. Two TEA3718 U5, U6 and some external components provide the full control function of a two-phase bipolar stepper motor. The system is commanded according to the desired mode of operation by the Microcontroller U1.

## Connections

The J11 is the power-input connector; you may use any DC power source from +9V-32V. The MD3 already has the onboard +5V voltage regulator.

The motor is connected to J1 see Figure1 for the proper connection of the motor. Incorrect motor connection may damage the board.

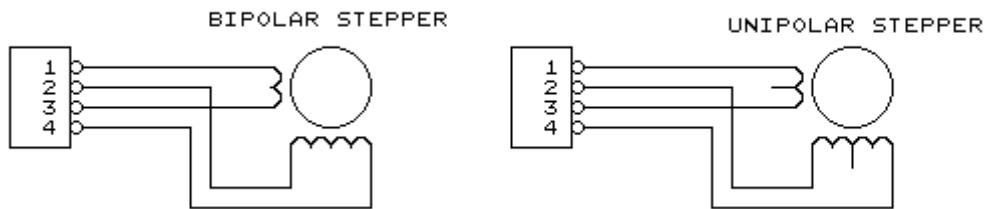


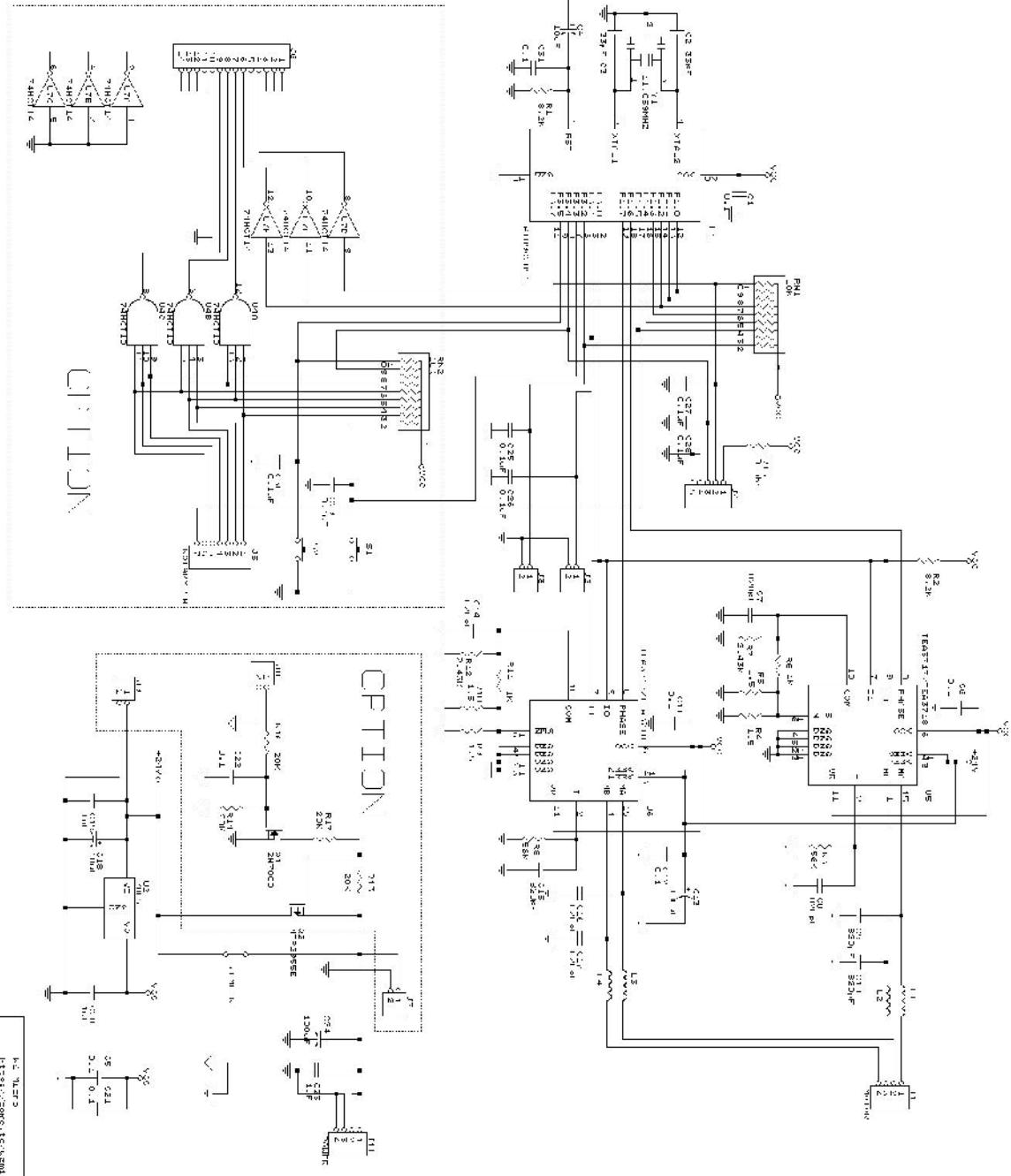
Figure 1 Motor connection

The J3, J4, and J5 are configured as input ports. All the components that are marked as "OPTION" on the schematic; those are not loaded on the MD3 board. You may use those if they are applicable to your application.



Figure 2. MD3 bipolar stepper motor driver board

20	350	E9421	20
30	200	E9421	30



# Code Sample

In this sample program, The J2 is used to enable the motor. The J3 changes the direction of rotation, Only one timer is needed.

```

;*****
;      (C) Copyright 1999 By WZMICRO Inc.
;      ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
;
;      TITLE:      MD3 Stepping Motor Driver Board software
;
;      FILE:       MD3.ASM
;
;      DESCRIPTION: Sample Motor driving code for MD3 board
;
;*****
;      SOFTWARE HISTORY
;      06/01/99      Initial release
;
;      Check Sum:
;*****
; INCLUDE FILES
;*****
#include      "mnemonics.def"           ;8031 mnemonic definition file
.LIST

;*****
; PERFORMANCE CONSTANTS
;*****
MAX_MTR0_STPS    .equ     00500H          ;Motor0 max run steps
MAX_MTR0_TIME     .equ     0EF00H

;*****
; I/O ADDRESSES
;*****
mtr0_en          .equ     0B0H             ;motor0 enable bit (P3.0)
mtr0_on          .equ     0B1H             ;motor0 on/off bit (P3.1)
mtr0_dir         .equ     0B2H             ;motor0 direction bit (P3.2)

;*****
; MODE FLAGS - Internal RAM Bit Addresses
;*****
timer0_flag       .equ     40H              ;timer 0 interrupt flag (28H.0)
mtr0_cnt0_flg     .equ     42H              ;0 step count occured flag (28H.2)

;function cycle flags
mtr0_cycle        .equ     49H              ;motor0 cycle flag

;*****
; REGISTER SPACE
;*****
timer0_cnts       .equ     08H              ;timer 0 counts (2 bytes)

;motor 0 variables
mtr0_request      .equ     10H              ;motor request: FOR_REQ or STOP_REQ

```

```

mtr0_state      .equ    11H          ;motor state: FOR_RAMP_UP, FOR_MAX_SPD
mtr0_mtr_num   .equ    12H          ;motor number: MTR0, MTR1 etc.
mtr0_step_cnt   .equ    15H          ;step count: count down (2 bytes)

mtr0_pha        .equ    0DH          ;keeps track of motor phases

;*****
;     CONSTANTS
;*****
CLEAR          .equ    00
IEMASK         .equ    0AH          ;enable timer 0 and timer 1 ints
STACKRAM       .equ    30H          ;location of bottom of stack
RAMSIZE        .equ    128           ;128 bytes of internal RAM
TIMERMODE      .equ    11H          ;MODE MASK: both timers set 16 bit timer

;physical motors:
MOTOR0         .equ    1

;motor requests used by motor control routines:
STOP_REQ       .equ    0
FOR_REQ        .equ    1
REV_REQ        .equ    2

;motor states used by motor control routines:
ZERO_SPD       .equ    0
STOPPING       .equ    1
RUNNING        .equ    2

;*****
;     INTERRUPT JUMP TABLE
;*****
.org            00H          ;Hardware reset vector address

HRESET:
    AJMP    SysInit          ;Hardware reset vector
    .org    03H          ;External Interrupt 0 vector address
    AJMP    SysInit          ;Not used, vector to start of program
    .org    0BH          ;TIMER 0 overflow intr vector address
    AJMP    Timer0Int         ;TIMER 0 overflow vector
    .org    13H          ;External Interrupt 1 vector address
    .org    1BH          ;TIMER 1 overflow intr vector address
    AJMP    Timer1Int         ;TIMER 1 Interrupt Service Routine
    .org    23H          ;Serial Interrupt Vector Address
    AJMP    SysInit          ;Not used, vector to start of program

;*****
;     TIMER 0 INTERRUPT
;
;     MODE 1 OPERATION, 16 BIT TIMER
;     INTERRUPT PERIOD = lusec * (0FFFFH - timer_counts)
;*****



Timer0Int:
    PUSH    ACC
    PUSH    PSW          ;save registers

    SETB    timer0_flag      ;timer interrupt occurred flag
    MOV     TL0,timer0_cnts   ;reload timer with timer counts
    MOV     TH0,timer0_cnts+1

```

```

POP      PSW
POP      ACC
RETI

;***** *****
; TIMER 1 INTERRUPT
;
;      MODE 1 OPERATION, 16 BIT TIMER
;      INTERRUPT PERIOD = lusec * (0FFFFH - timer_counts)
;***** *****

Timer1Int:
PUSH    ACC
PUSH    PSW          ;save registers

POP      PSW
POP      ACC
RETI

;***** *****
; INITIALIZING ROUTINE
;***** *****

SysInit:
MOV     IE,#CLEAR           ;Disable all interrupts
MOV     PSW,#CLEAR           ;Init PSW
MOV     SP,#STACKRAM-1        ;Init Stack Pointer
CLR     A                     ;Clear Internal RAM
MOV     R0,#RAMSIZE-1

SYS_RAMCLR:
MOV     @R0,A
DJNZ   R0,SYS_RAMCLR

MOV     TCON,#CLEAR          ;Halt timers, clear overflow flags
MOV     IE,#IEMASK            ;Setup Interrupt Enable Register
MOV     TMOD,#TIMERMODE       ;Setup TIMER 0 & TIMER 1
SETB   IE.7                  ;Enable Interrupts

CLR     mtr0_cycle

MOV     mtr0_request,#STOP_REQ
MOV     mtr0_state,#ZERO_SPD
MOV     mtr0_pha,#033H

AJMP   MainLoop             ;jump to main loop

;***** *****
; MainLoop
;***** *****

MainLoop:
ML_MTR0_CYCLE:
JNB    mtr0_cycle,ML_MTR0_CHK      ;check if time to run
LCALL  Motor0Run

ML_MTR0_CHK:    ;check if time to run
SETB   mtr0_on
JB     mtr0_on,ML_RET              ;Check port
JB     mtr0_cycle,ML_RET           ;if motor already run
SETB   mtr0_cycle                ;else start run cycle

```

```

;set up mtr0
SETB    mtr0_dir
JB      mtr0_dir,MTR0_CHK           ;check direction
MOV     mtr0_request,#FOR_REQ      ;load motor 0 start request
SJMP    MTR0_CHK1

MTR0_CHK:
      MOV     mtr0_request,#REV_REQ

MTR0_CHK1:
      MOV     mtr0_mtr_num,#MOTOR0   ;set motor
      CLR     mtr0_cnt0_flg         ;clear zero step flag

;*****
; your code goes here
;
;
;

ML_RET:
AJMP   MainLoop

;*****
; Motor0Run:
;
;*****
Motor0Run:
      SETB   mtr0_on
      JNB    mtr0_on,MR_MTR0_CNTRL  ;check port if continue run
MR_STOP_MTR0:
      MOV    mtr0_state,#STOPPING   ;else stop motor
MR_MTR0_CNTRL:
      LCALL  Motor0Control          ;run motor
MRO_RET:
      RET

;*****
; Motor0Control: Controls any motor by using timer 0 interrupt.
;      Motor0Control uses mtr0_request and mtr0_state to control motor:
;      mtr0_state = ZERO_SPD, STOPPING, RUNNING
;
;*****
Motor0Control:
      MOV    R1,#mtr0_state          ;get mtr0_state address
      CJNE  @R1,#ZERO_SPD,M0C_STEP_FLAG ;check if state = ZERO_SPD
      AJMP  M0C_STEP_TIME          ;step motor

M0C_STEP_FLAG: ;state <> ZERO_SPD check if time to step
      JB    timer0_flag,M0C_STOP    ;return if not time to step
      AJMP M0C_RET

M0C_STOP:       ;time to step, check if state = STOPPING
      CLR   TCON.4
      CJNE  @R1,#STOPPING,M0C_STEP_MOTR ;check if state = STOPPING
      MOV   mtr0_state,#ZERO_SPD      ;save new motor state
      SETB  mtr0_en
      CLR   TCON.4                  ;disable timer 0

```

```

CLR      timer0_flag           ;clear timer flag
CLR      mtr0_cycle
AJMP    M0C_RET               ;return

M0C_STEP_MOTR:
MOV      R0,mtr0_mtr_num      ;set up next call
MOV      A,mtr0_request       ;set up next call
LCALL   StepMotorNum         ;step motor
CLR      timer0_flag

M0C_STEP_TIME:
MOV      timer0_cnts,#MAX_MTR0_TIME
MOV      timer0_cnts+1,#MAX_MTR0_TIME>>8
MOV      TL0,timer0_cnts      ;reload timer with timer counts
MOV      TH0,timer0_cnts+1
SETB   TCON.4
MOV      mtr0_state,#RUNNING  ;set motor state
CLR      mtr0_en              ;enable motor

M0C_RET:
RET

;*****
; StepMotorNum: Step motor one step.
;     Pass value of mtr0_mtr_num or mtr1_mtr_num in R0.
;     Pass value of mtr0_request or mtr1_request in A.
;*****

StepMotorNum:
CLR      C
CJNE   A,#FOR_REQ,SMN_MTR0_REV
MOV      A,mtr0_pha           ;load motor phase
RR      A                      ;shift phase for FORWARD
AJMP   SMN_SAVE_MTR0

SMN_MTR0_REV:
MOV      A,mtr0_pha           ;load motor phase
RL      A                      ;shift phase for REVERSE

SMN_SAVE_MTR0:
MOV      mtr0_pha,A           ;save new phase
ANL      A,#0C0H              ;clear all but bits 6 & 7
MOV      B,A                  ;store new bits 6 & 7 in B
CLR      IE.7                 ;disable interrupts
MOV      A,P1                 ;get current motor phases
ANL      A,#03FH              ;clear bits 6 & 7
ORL      A,B                  ;OR in new bits 6 & 7
MOV      P1,A                 ;set new motor phases
SETB   IE.7                 ;re-enable interrupts

SMN_RET:
RET

;*****
.END

```